Septone Armour Cologne ITW Polymers & Fluids

Chemwatch: **6028-70** Version No: **10.1** Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 04/04/2023 S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	Septone Armour Cologne
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	VINYL LEATHER REJUVENATOR PROTECTANT.
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Vinyl and leather protector and rejuvenator.
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Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ITW Polymers & Fluids	ITW Polymers & Fluids NZ
Address	100 Hassall New South Wales 2164 Australia	Unit 2/38 Trugood Drive 2013 New Zealand
Telephone	+61 2 9757 8800	+64 9272 1940
Fax	Not Available	Not Available
Website	Not Available	Not Available
Email	orders@itwpf.com.au	info@aamtech.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Chemwatch	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone numbers	1800 951 288	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 2 9186 1132	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification ^[1]	Not Applicable

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
Signal word	Not Applicable

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
110-91-8	0-1	morpholine
Not Available	10-30	Ingredients determined not to be hazardous
7732-18-5	>60	water
Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available		

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

En Ondert	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
	Wash out immediately with fresh running water.
	• Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally
Eye Contact	lifting the upper and lower lids.
	Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.
	Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
	If skin contact occurs:
	Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
Skin Contact	Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
	Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
	If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
Inhalation	Other measures are usually unnecessary.
lu	Immediately give a glass of water.
Ingestion	First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

The product contains a substantial proportion of water, therefore there are no restrictions on the type of extinguishing media which may be used. Choice of extinguishing media should take into account surrounding areas.

Though the material is non-combustible, evaporation of water from the mixture, caused by the heat of nearby fire, may produce floating layers of combustible substances.

In such an event consider:

foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

Advice for firefighters

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

	Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 The material is not readily combustible under normal conditions. However, it will break down under fire conditions and the organic component may burn. Not considered to be a significant fire risk. Heat may cause expansion or decomposition with violent rupture of containers. Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of: carbon dioxide (CO2) nitrogen oxides (NOx) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.
Major Spills	 Minor hazard. Clear area of personnel. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	morpholine	Morpholine	20 ppm / 71 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
morpholine	30 ppm	1,300 ppm	8000** ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
morpholine	1,400 ppm	Not Available
water	Not Available	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields; or as required, Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. P.V.C apron. Barrier cream. Skin cleansing cream.

Respiratory protection

Type AK-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

- Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- + The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid; partly mixes with water. Relative density (Water = Physical state Liquid 0.997 1) Partition coefficient Odour Not Available Not Available n-octanol / water Auto-ignition temperature **Odour threshold** Not Available Not Applicable (°C) Decomposition pH (as supplied) 8.5 Not Available temperature (°C) Melting point / freezing Viscosity (cSt) Not Available Not Available point (°C) Initial boiling point and 100 Molecular weight (g/mol) Not Applicable boiling range (°C) Flash point (°C) Not Applicable Taste Not Available **Evaporation rate** Not Available Not Available **Explosive properties** Flammability Not Applicable **Oxidising properties** Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Applicable Not Available or mN/m) Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Applicable Volatile Component (%vol) 85.5 Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Gas group Not Available

Solubility in water	Partly miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

Septone Armour Cologne	ΤΟΧΙCΙΤΥ	IRRITATION	
	Not Available	Not Available	
	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION	
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 500 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 2 mg - SEVERE	
morpholine	Oral (Mouse) LD50; 525 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin (rabbit): 995 mg/24hr-SEVERE	
		Skin (rabbit):500mg open-moderate	
_	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION	
water	Oral (Rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg ^[2]	Not Available	
Legend:		ubstances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. ECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances	

MORPHOLINE The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged explicitly irritants may produce conjunctivitis. MORPHOLINE The material may cause severe skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact ski swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. Repeated exposures may produce severe uke Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to the highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure irritation. Other criteria for diagnosis of RADS include a reversible airflow pattern on lung function tests, moderate to se bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing, and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, with eosinophilia. for morpholine: The have been no reports on incidents of acute poisoning or on the effects of short- or long-term exposure to mor general population. The phenomenon known as blue vision or glaucopsia, as well as some instances of skin and resiritation, have been described in reports of occupational exposure to morpholine; however, no atmospheric concent morpholine were given. It was reported that the number of chromosomal aberrations in the lymphocytes of periphere workers exposed for 3-10 years to morpholine at concentrations of 0.54-0.93 mg/m3 did not differ significantly from Undiluted morpholine is strongly irritant to skin, a dilute solution (1 to 40) was mildly irritant. The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifia	in redness, ceration. e to a high levels of non-atopic e to the severe but pholine by the spiratory tract trations of al blood of
WATER No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.	

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend: 🗙 –

Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Septone Armour Cologne	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
morpholine	BCF	1008h	Fish	<0.3-0.65	7
	LC50	96h	Fish	>1mg/l	4
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	9mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	44.5mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	Not Available	Fish	>1mg/l	2
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	28mg/l	1
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
water	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
morpholine	LOW	LOW
water	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
morpholine	LOW (BCF = 2.8)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
morpholine	LOW (KOC = 5.082)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

	Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.	
Product / Packaging	Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.	
disposal	Bury residue in an authorised landfill.	
	Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.	

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required	
Marine Pollutant	NO

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
morpholine	Not Available
water	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
morpholine	Not Available
water	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

morpholine is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5 Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC) International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

water is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (morpholine; water)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	23/12/2022
Initial Date	28/12/2004

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
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Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
9.1	01/11/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification
10.1	23/12/2022	Classification review due to GHS Revision change.

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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